1877 to 1918 - CLOZE Notes 1

 After Reconstruction, 	
<u> </u>	rose to
power in the South.	nah.
 Bourbons believed that the South should more on industry. 	rely and
 In Georgia, three Bourbon leaders 	
441. 9.4, 411. 44 244, 241. 1814.616	from
1872 to 1890: Joseph E. Brown, John B. G Thesuppo	Bordon, and Alfred H. Colquitt.
 The suppo former large plantation-owning class wit They also expanded railroads and increase 	sed industrialization,
Georgia.	in
They promoted "	" in order to keep the political
support of white racists.	,
Joseph E. Brown	
Joseph Brown was a	who was Georgia's governo
during the Civil War.	THE WAS COST GIA'S GOVERNO
He served four terms as the state's gove of the Geo	
 Brown eventually served Georgia as a 	
1891.	
 He became one of the state's 	<u></u> •
John B. Gordon was a Civil War general v He became a	in Georgia. in 1872 and resigned in 1880.
• In 1886, Gordon became	
He returned to the Senate for one more	term before
Alford III Colordi	
Alfred H. Colquitt	
 Alfred H. Colquitt was educated at He owned slaves before the Civil War and 	
	d convod in the
The owned staves before the old war all	d served in the
 .	d served in the
• Colquitt was a black churches.	d served in the
Colquitt was a	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in
Colquitt was a black churches.	d served in the
 Colquitt was a black churches. Colquitt served as the state's 1877 to 1882. 	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in
 Colquitt was a black churches. Colquitt served as the state's	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in
 Colquitt was a	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in after Reconstruction from
 Colquitt was a	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in after Reconstruction from
 Colquitt was a	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in after Reconstruction from er to promote what he labeled the
 Colquitt was a	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in after Reconstruction from er to promote what he labeled the
 Colquitt was a	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in after Reconstruction from er to promote what he labeled the and become mor
 Colquitt was a	d served in the and often taught Sunday school in after Reconstruction from

1877 to 1918 - CLOZE Notes 2

meant that certain candidates could win even if the majority of the people in the		otton Expo In 1881, Henry Grady promoted Georgia's first Internation an industrial fair that spotlighted attention on the	onal Cotton Exposition,
County Unit System Many rural Georgians came to fear that they were being for the state adopted the white vote and to Many rural Georgians came to fear that they were being for the state adopted the primaries. Under the unit system, the candidate that won the wheaven of the populated counties. Whose won the most votes in the county, The effect was that small, rural counties ended up heavily populated counties. Wany saw the meast or and saves were freed. Adamatically and failing further and failing further all by themselves. And failing further and failing further all by themselves. And failing further and failing fai	•		
attracting people from 33 states and 7 countries. Tom Watson During the 1880s, most farmers were		Georgia went on to	
During the 1880s, most farmers were		attracting people from 33 states and 7 countries.	,
further and further into debt. dramatically and labor was hard to find after slaves were freed. Georgia lawyer Tom Watson criticized Grady's New South because he claimed in Mashington. Populists In 1890, Watson won a seat in Congress and in Washington. Populists In 1891, the		-111 17 - 2 - 11	and failing
was hard to find after slaves were freed. Georgia lawyer Tom Watson criticized Grady's New South because he claimed in 1890, Watson won a seat in Congress and	•	further and further into debt.	
• Georgia lawyer Tom Watson criticized Grady's New South because he claimed i • In 1890, Watson won a seat in Congress and			,
In Washington. Populists In 1891, the	•		uth because he claimed it
Populists In 1891, the	•		in Washington.
 In 1891, the			
 In 1891, the	Р	opulists	
was organized by farmers and Tom Watson became the party's leader in Georgia. Watson's greatest reform was the	•	In 1891, the (commonly kn	nown as Populist Party)
 Watson's greatest reform was the 		was organized by farmers and Tom Watson became the	party's leader in
delivery to rural farmers. Populists			
delivery to rural farmers. Populists		-	which provided free mail
farmers to work together for their cause. The Populists challenged the dominate Democratic Party in Georgia by threatening to split the white vote and to County Unit System Many rural Georgians came to fear that they were being of the political process. In response, the state adopted the for its political primaries. Under the unit system, the candidate that won the won the election. The eight most populous counties with each of the remaining counties receiving less. Whoever won the most votes in the county, The effect was that small, rural counties ended up over who won than heavily populated counties. Even though most of the population lived in a handful of counties, the rest of the counties had enough unit votes to all by themselves. Many saw the because it meant that certain candidates could win even if the majority of the people in the			·
farmers to work together for their cause. The Populists challenged the dominate Democratic Party in Georgia by threatening to split the white vote and to County Unit System Many rural Georgians came to fear that they were being of the political process. In response, the state adopted the for its political primaries. Under the unit system, the candidate that won the won the election. The eight most populous counties with each of the remaining counties receiving less. Whoever won the most votes in the county, The effect was that small, rural counties ended up over who won than heavily populated counties. Even though most of the population lived in a handful of counties, the rest of the counties had enough unit votes to all by themselves. Many saw the because it meant that certain candidates could win even if the majority of the people in the	•	Populists	and urged
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over who won than heavily populated counties. • Even though most of the population lived in a handful of counties, the rest of the counties had enough unit votes to all by themselves. • Many saw the	•	<u>-</u>	_
 Even though most of the population lived in a handful of counties, the rest of the counties had enough unit votes to	•	•	over who won than
 Even though most of the population lived in a handful of counties, the rest of the counties had enough unit votes to		heavily populated counties.	
 Many saw the because in the majority of the people in the 	•		counties, the rest of the
meant that certain candidates could win even if the majority of the people in the			
	٠	Many saw the	because it
		state voted for someone else.	ority of the people in the
 The system did and in 1962, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled against the county unit system. 	•		

1877 to 1918 - CLOZE Notes 3

R	lebecca Felton	
•	Rebecca Latimer Felton was the wife of progressive of Felton, who	ongressman William H.
٠	Felton was active in politics and was the South's best-	known campaigner for
•	Although Georgia disappointed her by rejecting the 19 th states eventually ratified it and women won their	^h Amendment, enough
•	Two years later, 87-year-old Felton served as one of C when the governor appointed her to fill the	Georgia's US Senators until a special election
•	could be held. Although she served for only two days, Felton made hi	·
19	906 Atlanta Riot	
•	The period from 1890 to 1930 was the	
•	In September 1906, growing racial tensions resulted in Atlanta Race Riot.	In Georgla's history. the
•	A white mob started the riot, in part due to	that
	black men had assaulted several white women.	
•	Hoke Smith was running for governor and	with his appeals to white
	racism in an attempt to win votes.	ANIENT THE appeals to ANIETE
•	The mob	and killed
•	several business owners. At least during the viole	nce.
,	eo Frank Case	
	African-Americans were not the only	during the early 1900s.
•	Leo Frank was a	in
	Atlanta.	
•	In 1913, he was convicted of	
	worker.	, a 13-year-old female
•	The trial was filled with conflicting testimony and	
•	Frank was sentenced to life in prison, but two years la hometown in Marietta	
	from an oak tree. Decades later, new evidence revealed that the murder	r was most likely
		. •
•	The state lynching, but the case symbolized Southerners' strong the time.	after his anti-Semitic feelings at

a facebook Profile for Booker T. Washington Of Dybois

© 2014 Brain Wrinkles Age Birthday: Name Location: 0 Search for people, places and thingsne of a related person, place, group, etq. the person picture of Draw a I strongly believe in... Three important things that you should know about me... What's on your mind? Status am fighting against... What are important things that we should know about the Write a status about what the person does NOT believe in Write a status about the person's goals and beliefs Photo / Video person? Write a status about those things Write a status about something the Place person *could* be doing Life Event Side Home Find Friends 5 something that Write the Draw picture of represents the picture o possible friend Draw 芸 Sponsored #2 FRIENDS name of it name of it name of it Write the Write the #2

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Search for people, places and mings	C	rind mienas
	☑ Status ☑ Photo / Video ☑ Place ☑ Life Event	Sponsored \$3
		A PARTICIPATION OF THE PARTICI
	·	
	Three important things that you should know about me	
	I strongly believe in	
Name:		FRIENDS
Age		
Birthday:	I am fighting against	
Location:		
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Directions: Review one of the events from this unit by drawing a scene depicting the event on the TV below. Next, write a play-by-play breakdown of the scene in the textbox.